

#### DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS NAMBOL L. SANOI COLLEGE, NAMBOL

# Question Bank (2016- 2019) Physics (Elective) Second Paper PHY: SE 22 (Thermal Physics and Optics)

#### **UNIT I: Thermodynamics**

#### 1 Mark Questions:

- 1. Explain briefly the concept of entropy. (2016)(2019)
- 2. Give one limitation of first law of thermodynamics. (2016)(2019)
- 3. What is meant by quasi-static process in thermodynamics? (2017)
- 4. Is a negative temperature possible on the absolute scale of temperature? (2018)

### 2 Mark Questions:

- 1. A Carnot engine whose sink is at 7 °C has an efficiency of 50%. It is desired to increase the efficiency to 70%. By how many degrees should the temperature of the source be increased? (2016)
- Calculate the change in melting point of naphthalene for one atmosphere rise in pressure, given that its melting point is 80 °C. Latent heat of naphthalene is 4563 cal/mol and increase in volume on fusion is 18.7 cm 3 per [1 calorie = 4-2 × 107 ergs] mol. (2016)
- 3. Find the efficiency of Carnot engine working between the steam point and ice point. (2017)
- 4. What are second-order phase transitions? (2018)
- 5. Find the efficiency of a Carnot's engine working between 127 °C and 27 °C (2019)

3 Mark questions:

1. Show that for any reversible cyclic change of a system, the total change in entropy is zero. (2016)

### 5 Mark questions:

- 1. Explain what you understand by a thermodynamic scale of temperature. Show that it agrees with an ideal gas scale. (3+2=5) (2016)(2019)
- 2. Deduce the thermodynamic relations

(i) 
$$\left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial P}\right)_{S} = \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial S}\right)_{P}$$

(ii) 
$$\left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial T}\right)_{\rm P} = -\left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial P}\right)_{\rm T}$$

where the symbols have their usual meanings (2 1/2 +2 1/2 =5) (2016) (2019)

- 3. Define entropy. Show that the entropy of a perfect gas remains constant in a reversible process but increases in an irreversible process. (1+2+2=5) (2017)
- State Carnot's theorem. Show how Kelvin used this theorem to define a new scale of temperature which is independent of the nature of the working substance. (1+4=5) (2017)
- 5. What is Joule-Thomson effect? Obtain an expression for the cooling produced in a van der Waals' gas. Explain why helium shows heating effect at ordinary temperatures.(1+3+1=5) (2017) (2019)
- 6. State and prove Carnot's theorem for a reversible heat engine. (2018)
- 7. Prove the thermodynamic relation

$$\left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial V}\right)_{\mathrm{T}} = \left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial T}\right)$$

and hence, deduce Clapeyron's latent heat equation

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial T} = \frac{L}{T \ (V2 - V1)}$$

where the symbols have their usual meanings.(3+2=5) (2018)

8. Deduce the following thermodynamic relations: (2018)

## UNIT II: Kinetic Theory of Gases and Radiation

## 1 Mark Questions:

- 1. What do you mean by transport phenomena in gases? (2016)
- 2. In what way a real gas differs from an ideal gas? (2017)
- 3. Define solar constant. (2018)
- . What do you mean by degrees of freedom in kinetic theory of gases? (2019)

## 2 Mark Questions:

- 1. Calculate the mean free path of a gas molecule, given that the molecular diameter is  $2x10^{-8}$  cm and the number of molecules per cubic centimeter is  $3x10^{19}$ . (2016)
- 2. What is Brownian motion? Explain in brief. (2016)
- 3. How do you interpret 'temperature' on the basis of kinetic theory of gases? (2017)
- Calculate the specific ratio γ of one gram molecule of a tri-atomic gas having six degrees of freedom. (2017)
- 5. What do you understand by a black body? State Wien's displacement law. (2017)

- 6. At what temperature, pressure remaining constant, will the r.m.s. velocity of a gas be halved its value at 0 °C? (2018)
- 7. What do you mean by ultraviolet catastrophe'? (2018)
- 8. Write down the critical pressure and critical temperature of a gas in terms of the constants of van equation. der Waals' equation. (2019)
- 9. What is virial of a system? Write the virial equation. (2019)

3 Mark questions:

- 1. Write a note on ultraviolet catastrophe. (2016)
- 2. Calculate the critical constants of a gas in terms of the constants of van der Waals' equation. (2017)
- 3. Explain in brief the transport of momentum, energy and mass on the movement of gas atoms or molecules. (2017)
- 4. Derive an expression for mean free path of the molecules of a gas. (2018)
- 5. What are transport phenomena? Name them. (2019)

### 5 Mark Questions:

- 1. Discuss the distribution of energy in the spectrum of a blackbody. (2016)
- 2. On the basis of kinetic theory of gases, derive an expression for thermal conductivity of a gas. Show that thermal conductivity of a gas is proportional to the square root of its absolute temperature.(4+1=5) (2018)
- 3. What are critical constants of a gas? Calculate the values of these constants in terms of the van der Waals' equation. (2+3=5) (2018)

6 Mark Questions:

- On the basis of kinetic theory, deduce an expression for the viscosity of a gas in terms of mean free path of its molecules. Show that it is independent of pressure but depends on the temperature of the gas.(5+1=6) (2016)
- 2. Explain in brief outlines the reason which led van der Waals to his gas equation

### $(P+a/V^2)(V-b) = RT$

where the symbols have their usual meanings. (2+4=6) (2016)

- 3. Using Maxwell's law of distribution of speeds of molecules in a gas, obtain the expression for most probable speed, average speed and r.m.s. speed. (2+2+2=6) (2017) (2019)
- What is black-body radiation? Derive Plank's law of black-body radiation. (1+5=6) (2017) (2019)
- 5. Discuss Wien's displacement law and Rayleigh-Jeans law. How is Planck's law applicable for all wavelengths?(2+2+2=6) (2018)
- 6. What are the shortcomings of ideal gas equation? Derive van der Waals' equation of state for real gases. (2+4=6)(2019)

#### **UNIT II: Interference and Diffraction**

#### 1 Mark Questions:

- 1. What happens in the diffraction pattern due to single slit when the slit width is gradually increased? (2016)
- 2. State clearly Huygens' Principle of wave propagation. (2017)
- 3. What is the basic difference between Fresnel and Fraunhofer classes of diffraction? (2018)
- 4. What are coherent sources? (2019)

### 2 Mark Questions:

- 1. In Michelson interferometer, 100 fringes cross the field of view when the movable mirror is displaced through 0-02948 mm. Calculate the wavelength of the monochromatic light used. (2016)
- 2. A biprism is kept at a distance of 5 cm from a narrow slit illuminated by two sodium light. Distance between virtual sources formed by the biprism is 0-05 cm. If the distance of the screen from the biprism be 75 cm, calculate the fringe width. (2016)
- 3. State the conditions for observing a good and sustained interference pattern. (2017)
- 4. What is meant by diffraction grating? What will happen if the number of rulings per centimeter is decreased in the case of a diffraction experiment? (2017)
- 5. The fringes of equal thickness are formed when two glass plates are kept over each other with a small gap in between. If a parallel beam of light of wavelength 6000 Å is used and fringe separation is 3 mm, then what is the angle between the plates? (2018)
- 6. State the conditions for observing a good and sustained interference pattern. (2018)
- 7. The diameter of the m th Newton's ring changes from 1.2 cm to 1 cm, when the air space between the lens and the plate is replaced by a transparent liquid. Find the refractive index of the liquid.(2019)
- 8. Distinguish between magnifying power and resolving power of an optical instrument, say a telescope. (2019)

## 3 Mark Questions:

- 1. In Newton's ring experiment, a source emitting two wavelengths  $\lambda_1 = 6 \times 10^{-7}$  m and  $\lambda_2 = 5.3 \times 10^{-7}$  m, it is found that mth dark ring due to one wavelength coincides with (m+1)th dark ring due to the other. Find the diameter of the mth dark ring if the radius of curvature of the lens is 0.9 m. (2017)
- 2. Write down Fresnel's integrals. How are3 they parametrically represented Cornu's spiral? (2+1=3) (2018)

 In a plane transmission grating, the angle of diffraction for the second-order maximum for wavelength 5x107 m is 30. Calculate the number of lines per centimeter of the grating. (2019)

#### 5 Mark Questions:

- How does the interference by the reflected pattern take place in thin films? What do you mean by fringes of equal thickness and fringes of equal inclination? (3+2=5) (2016) (2019)
- 2. Explain the construction and working of Fabry-Perot interferometer.(2+3=5) (2016)
- 3. Discuss, in detail, the diffraction pattern obtained when a sharp straight edge is held in the path of a monochromatic beam of light. (2017)(2019)
- 4. What are Newton's rings? Explain how such rings are formed. Deduce an expression for diameter of the nth dark ring. (2018)

#### 6 Mark Questions:

- 1. Give the theory of plane diffraction grating and obtain an expression for its resolving power.(4+2=6) (2016)
- 2. Describe how the wavelength of a monochromatic beam of light can be measured by Newton's rings experiment. Derive the working formula. (2+4-6) (2016)
- 3. Explain the construction and working of Michelson's interferometer with the help of a diagram.(3+3=6) (2017)(2019)
- 4. Show that the resolving power of a diffraction grating is given by the product of the total number of rulings and the order number of the spectrum.
- 5. In a plane transmission grating, the angle of diffraction for the second order maximum for wavelength 5×10-7 m is 30°, calculate the number of lines per centimeter of the grating.(4+2=6) (2017)
- 6. What is plane diffraction grating? Discuss its theory and derive the condition for secondary maxima or minima.(1+3+2=6) (2018)
- 7. Derive an expression for the intensity of the fringe system formed by the transmitted light in a Fabry-Perot interferometer. What are the effects of reflectance and multiple beams on the pattern?(4+2=6) (2018)

### Polarisation

<u>1 Mark Questions:</u>

- 1. "Light waves can be polarized but sound waves cannot." Why? (2016)
- 2. What is dichroism? (2017)
- 3. Explain double refraction. (2019)

### 2 Mark Questions:

1. What is optical activity? Define specific rotation. (2016)

- The critical angle of light in a certain substance is 45°. What is its polarizing angle? (2018)
- 3. What is optical activity? Define specific rotation of an optically active substance. (2019)

### 3 Mark Questions:

- 1. How will you convert a plane polarized light into a circularly polarized light? (2016)
- 2. Show, by Brewster's law, that light incident on a transparent substance at polarizing angle gives reflected and refracted rays at right angles to each other. (2017)
- 3. How would you analyze plane polarized, circularly polarized and elliptically polarized light? (2018)

### 5 Mark Questions:

- 1. Give an account of the Huygens theory of double refraction in a uniaxial crystal. What are positive and negative crystals? Name a crystal of each type.(3+2=5) (2016)
- What are meant by elliptically and circularly polarized lights? Explain them with necessary theory. (2 ½ +2 ½ =5) (2017)
- 3. Describe the construction and explain the working of Babinet compensator. What is its advantage over a  $\lambda/4$  or  $\lambda/2$  plate? (2+2+1=5) (2017)(2019)
- 4. What do you understand by double refraction? What are ordinary and extraordinary rays? How will you show that these are plane polarized? (1+2+2=5) (2018)
- 5. What is polarization? Give the analytical treatment of elliptically polarized light. (1+4=5) (2019)

## **UNIT III: Elements of Quantum Optics**

## 1 Mark Questions:

- 1. Write the full form of the acronym LASER.(2017)
- 2. What do you understand by metastable state' in the production of laser? (2018)
- 3. Explain stimulated emission' in laser action. (2018)

## 2 Mark Questions:

- 1. Write any two characteristic properties of a laser beam. (2016)
- 2. Why do we need population inversion in the production of lasers?(2017)
- 3. Explain the difference between spontaneous and stimulated emissions. (2017)
- Explain what are population inversion and pumping in the production of lasers. (2018)
- 5. Why do you need population inversion in a laser? (2019)

3 Mark Questions:

- 1. What is population inversion? Discuss any one method of achieving population inversion.(1+2=3) (2016)
- 2. What is stimulated absorption? Explain the difference between spontaneous and stimulated emissions. (1+2=3) (2019)

5 Mark Questions:

- 1. Describe the construction and working of He-Ne laser.(2016)
- 2. Discuss with suitable diagrams the principle, construction and working of ruby laser. (2017) (2019)
- 3. Discuss with suitable diagrams, the construction and working of He-Ne laser. (2018)